

Ikusasa Student Financial Aid Programme

## **HRDC Skills Development Summit**

07 March 2018

## Who is ISFAP



### **Background**



- The Ministerial Task Team (MTT) completed its report on a financial aid and support model for poor and missing middle students
- On the 2nd November 2016 the MTT presented its Report to the Cabinet and gained government support for the following:
  - Cabinet noted the ISFAP blueprint
  - Cabinet approved that the MTT Report be published in the Government Gazette for public comment
  - Cabinet approved that the ISFAP pilot would go ahead to test certain aspects of the proposal at selected universities and one TVET College
  - Cabinet approved that parallel to the Pilot a full feasibility of the ISFAP
     PPP in line with National Treasury regulations should go ahead
- The Department of Higher Education and Training (DHET) and the MTT Chair presented the ISFAP blue print to the Presidential Inquiry into Higher Education and Training on the 21st November 2016.

### **Our Strategic Intent**



"ISFAP seeks to secure the future of South African Youth by providing needs-based assistance to students from poor and working classes to acquire a broad set of knowledge, skills and character traits that will significantly improve their meaningful participation in the growth of the economy, thereby advancing equal opportunity and equitable income distribution for all South Africans."

# **ISFAP Alignment to NDP**

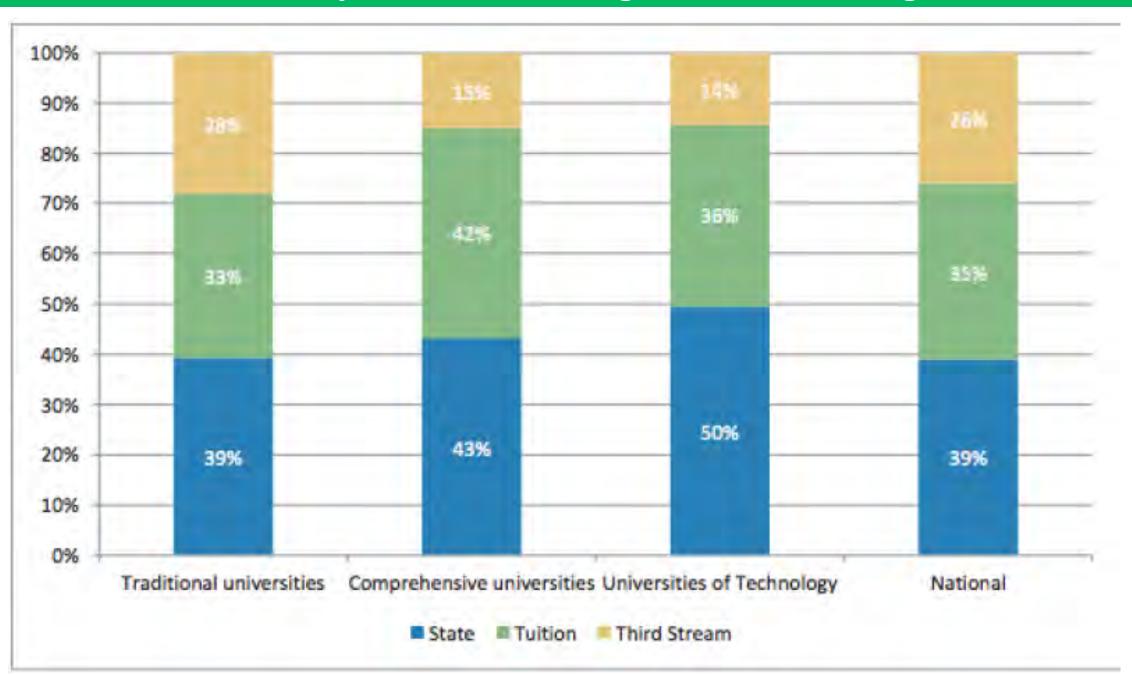


Related NDP Milestones	ISFAP's Mandate			
1. Increase employment from 13 million in 2010 to 24 million in 2030	<ul> <li>Increase the number of graduates for Occupations in High Demand and scarce skills</li> </ul>			
2. Raise per capita income from R50 000 in 2010 to R120 000 by 2030	Increase the pass rate of university students			
3. Ensure that skilled, technical, professional and managerial posts better reflect the country's racial, gender and disability makeup	<ul> <li>Increase the number of employable graduates</li> <li>Build capacity at Universities</li> </ul>			

### Higher Education is critical in achieving Sustainable Development Goals



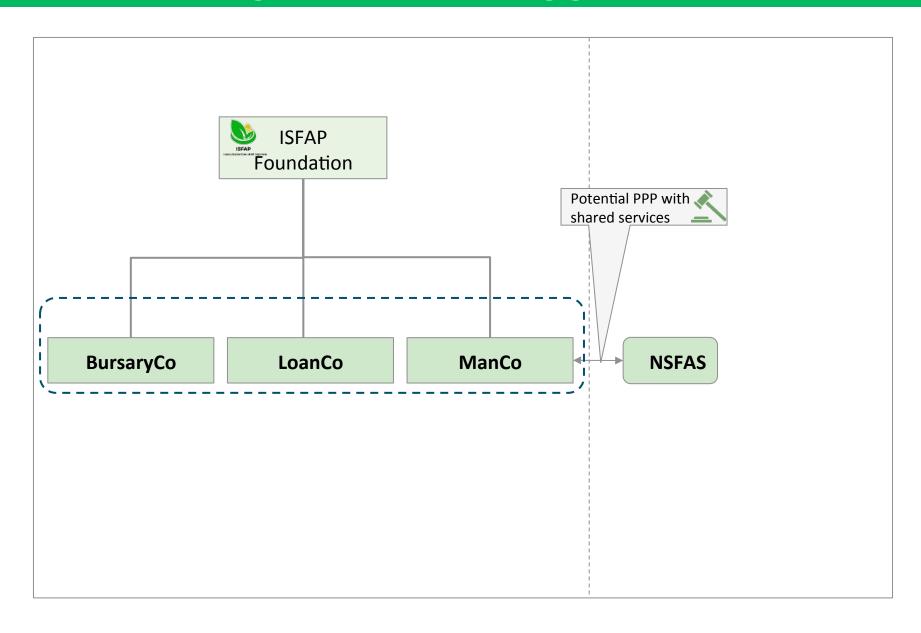
### South Africa already has a cost sharing model to fund higher education



# **ISFAP Strategic Objectives**

2. Improvemodel of model versions of the strategy.  4. Reduces	1. Promote progressive support to financially needy students to access higher education	Promote the objectives of the Constitution of the Republic of South Africa
	2. Improve efficiency of the new model over the current model	Create an efficient and robust model to minimise leakage, fraud and risk in the granting and disbursement of bursaries and loans to deserving students.
	3. Align the skills promoted by the model with the NDP and Human Resources Development Council Strategy	■ Fast track South Africa's skills production for the 21st century.
	4. Reduce the dropout rates of poor	Provide sufficient funding to poor and "missing middle" students to cover the full cost of study at universities.
	students	Provide comprehensive psychosocial and life skills support for poor students.
	5. Improve "skin in the game" in the future of South Africa for all	Create a shared and common vision for education in South Africa.

### ISFAP is designed to have strong governance and oversight



# Why ISFAP

### **ISFAP Focus**



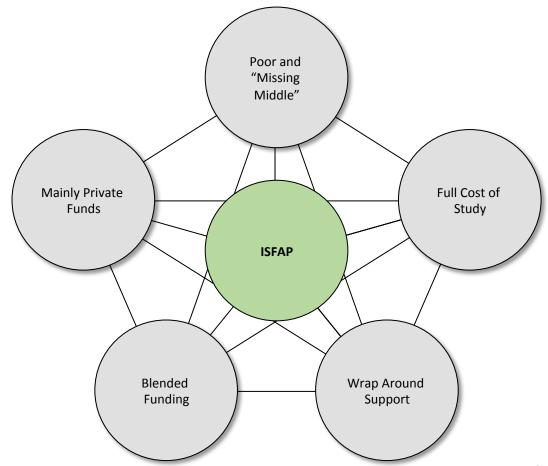
In light of the recent free education announcement by the President, ISFAP will now:

- Fund university students who come from households who earn between **RO** and **R600 000** in the new 2018 cohorts
- > ISFAP-funded students will receive **full cost of study and wraparound support** 
  - ISFAP will work with universities to build systems & processes for wraparound support to reduce dropout rates
- ➤ ISFAP is piloting a **social impact bond (SIB)** which seeks to reduce the cost of producing graduates especially in OHDs
- > ISFAP is developing a student tracking and monitoring technology

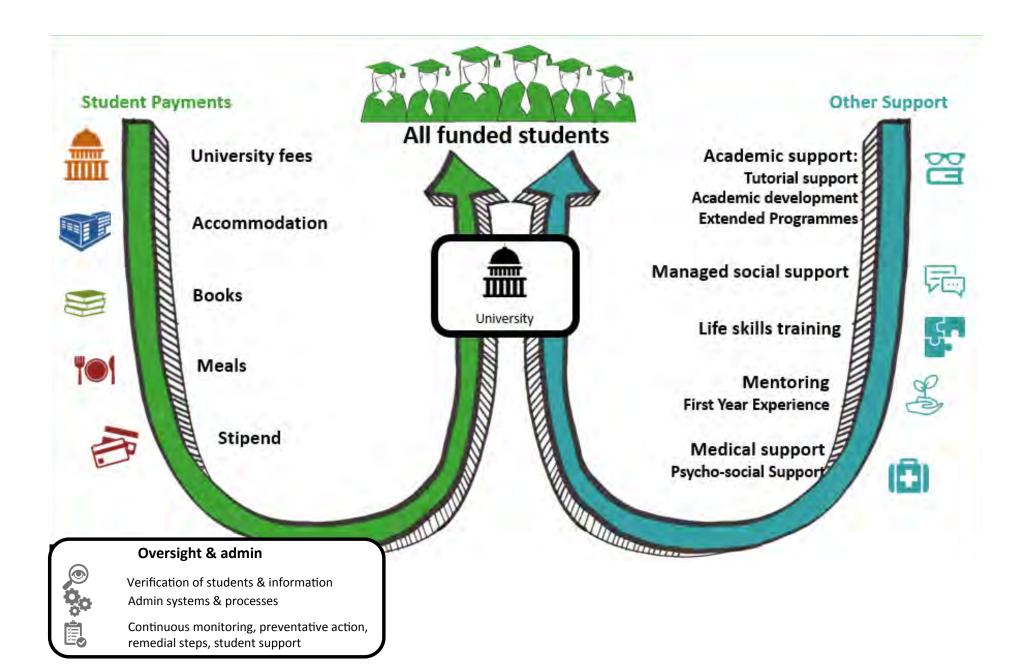
### **NSFAS vs ISFAP**

Following the announcement of the provision of free education to the country's poor students through NSFAS, a number of donors (both current & prospective) have questioned whether there is still a need to provide funding to ISFAP, and the answer is "YES" as there is a still a difference in how the two will operate in SA's higher education funding space.

**Poor Students** and working class Near full cost of **Public Funds** study **NSFAS** Student Grants Centred Model

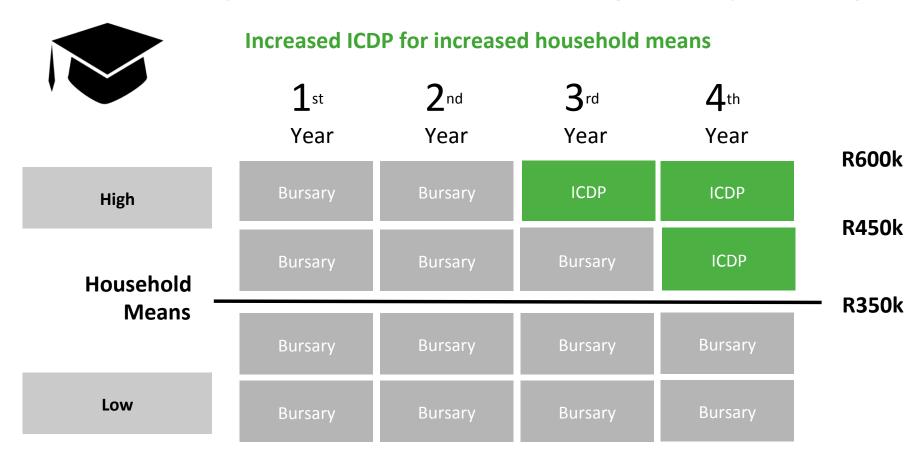


### **ISFAP Student Support**

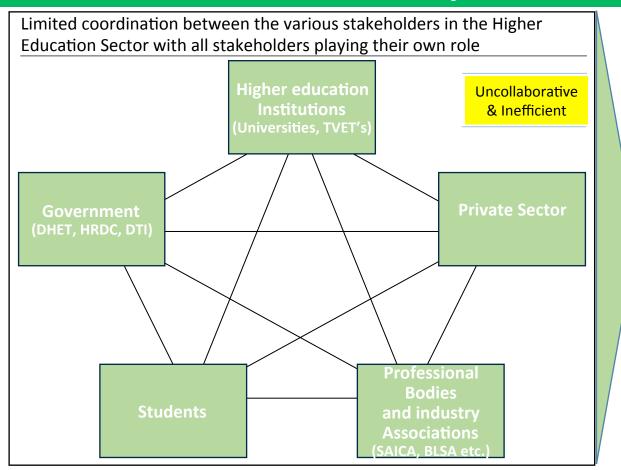


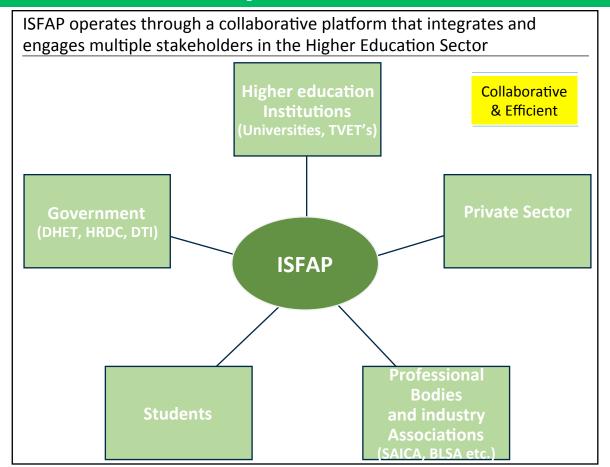
### **Blended Funding Structure**

### Funding Terms Decision Matrix (Bursary / ICDP)



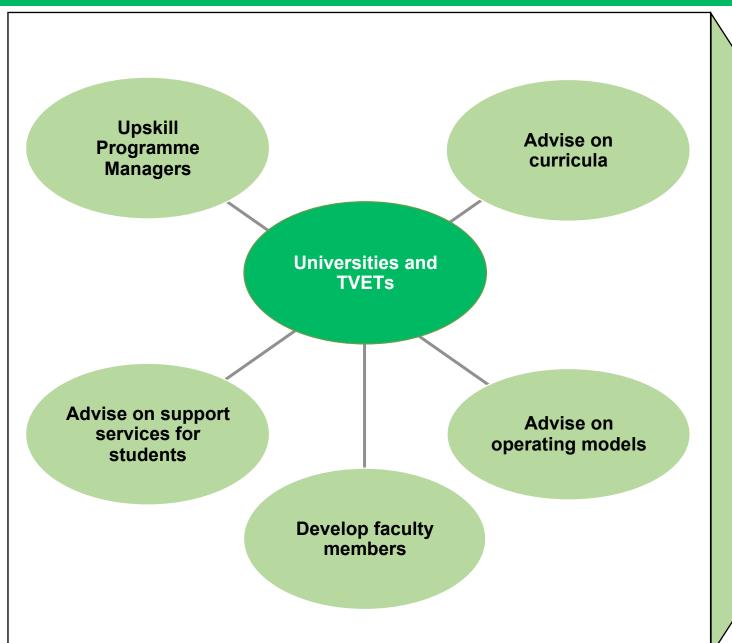
### **ISFAPs Unique Role in the Education Ecosystem**





ISFAP provides an opportunity for **all stakeholders in the higher education sector** to **work together** towards a **common goal** of achieving the **objectives of the NDP** by **improving the quality of tertiary education across the country** through targeted and consolidated set of **interventions** while ensuring all **South Africans have a meaningful participation to the Economy.** 

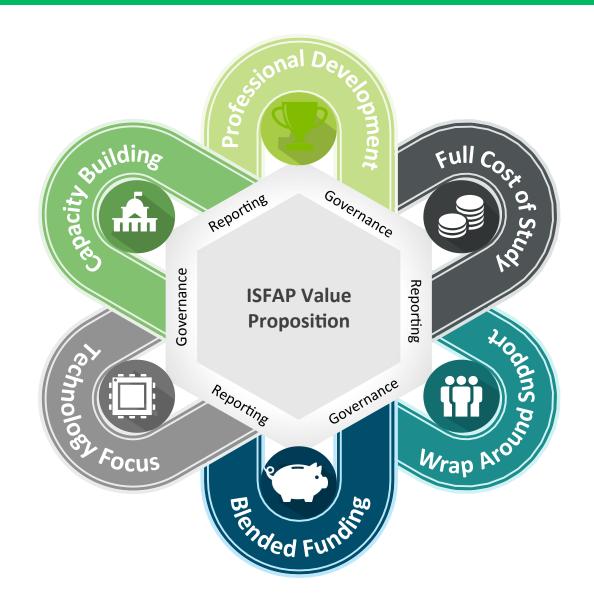
### Improving the quality of University and TVET Colleges



#### **Comments:**

- Curriculum development for specific professions will be undertaken in partnership with the universities, government and the relevant professional bodies
- The development of faculty members and the transformation of the academics within universities will be a key focus of ISFAP when engaging with stakeholders
- The support services for students will be tailored to the specific needs of the students linked to the degree they are studying and the university they are attending

### **Value Proposition**





#### **Professions Development**

Strong focus on strengthening, developing and promoting professions and OHDs



#### **Full Cost of Study**

Provide non-capped funding to students to cover all necessities



#### **Wrap Around Support**

Provide psycho-social support services to students to ensure overall well-being



#### **Blended Funding**

Combination of grants and loans provided depending on household means



#### **Technology Focus**

Leverage integrated digital platforms to interface with stakeholders



#### **Capacity Building**

Assist tertiary institutions with optimising curricula and resources to suit the local context and student needs

### **Professional Development**

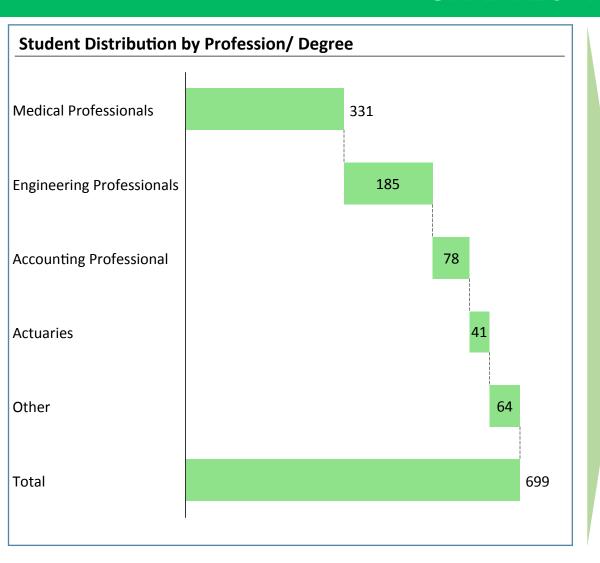
### **Critical Professions** Medical **Professionals Engineering Professionals Accounting G** SAICA **Professional Actuaries** Other

#### **Comments:**

- Focus on Occupations in High Demand in order to align with the NDP
- Starting point will be with the professions related to the occupations in high demand and which students find the most challenging
- There is a two-pronged approach to professional development:
  - Funding of students studying towards the profession to create a pipeline
  - Working with professional associations and other stakeholders to improve the quality of the curriculum and teaching/ learning models

### **ISFAP's Success Thus Far**

### **ISFAP: 2017 Pilot Outcomes**



<b>Key Performan</b>	e Metrics from	the 2017 Pilot
----------------------	----------------	----------------

Academic Results		
Number of students on the pilot	692	
Number of NSFAS students topped up		
Number of drop outs from the pilot 26		
Average marks achieved by students		
Pass rate of students on the pilot		
Number of students that failed		
Wraparound Support		
Number of students actively engaged in wraparound support services 692		
Reduced dropout rate to less than 5%		

The key achievements of the 2017 pilot highlight that ISFAP is a viable and impactful solution for higher education funding and student support.

<sup>\*</sup>Funded by ringfenced funding

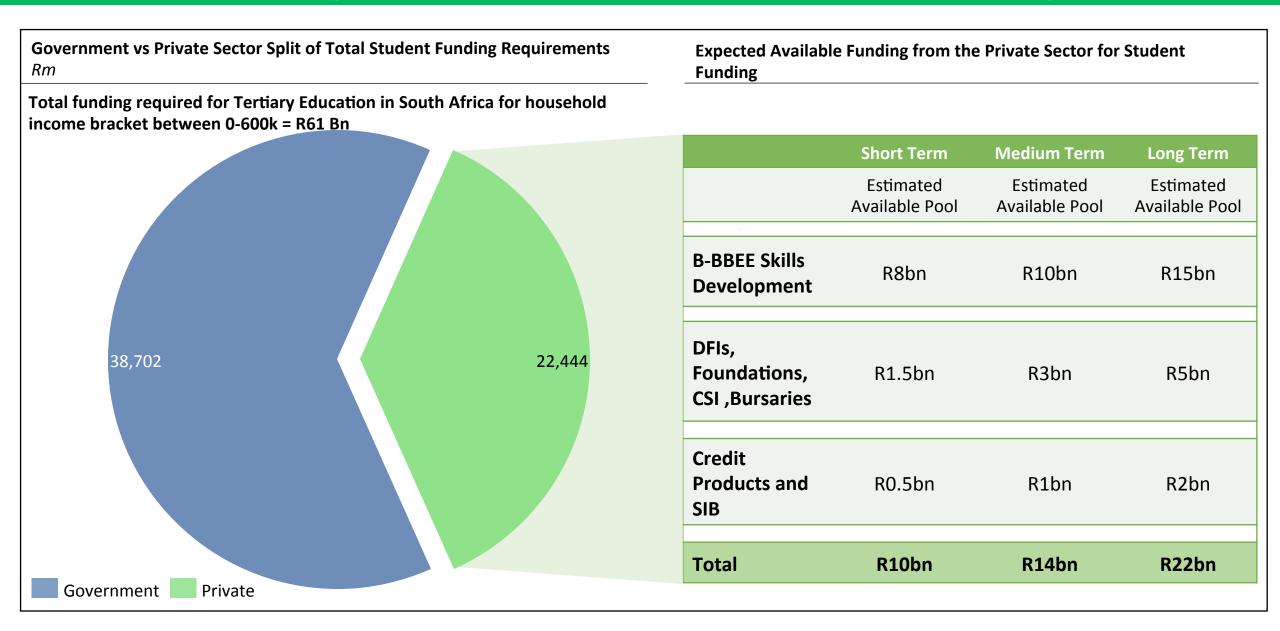
<sup>\*\*</sup>Awaiting data from WSU, UKZN and TUT

## **Funding Requirements and Way Forward**

### **Sources of funding for ISFAP**

- From a funding perspective one of the key reasons for ISFAP was to raise funding from sources other than the fiscus:
  - Significant Contributions from companies to fulfill B-BBEE scorecard criteria (code 300)
    - At the time of Fees must fall the Presidential BBBEE Advisory Council advised the President and the Minister to change the Skills Development code 300 to make specific reference to skills development expenditure on bursaries, this was supported by the DHET as well as the Commissioner.
    - Proposed amendments (to be Gazetted 18<sup>th</sup> March)
  - ➤ Contributions from companies to fulfill CSI goals
  - Donations from DFI's and Foundations
  - > **Donations** from B-BBEE endowments
  - Donations from the public via crowd-funding platforms
  - > Social Investments through social impact bonds
  - > Commercial Investors on the Capital Market
- Majority of funding is proposed to be grant based in nature which means that the majority of ISFAP student funding will be bursary based

### Funding Requirements and Sources of Private Funding



### **Current Funders and Donors to ISFAP**

Funders and Donors of ISFAP		
ATC SA Wireless	Mercantile Bank	
ABSA	Merseta	
Allan Gray Orbis	Mondi	
AngloGold Ashanti	Nedbank	
ASISA	Safika Holdings	
Capitec	Sanlam	
China Construction Bank	Sappi	
Compensation Commissioner	Sasol Social Investments	
Coronation	Standard Bank	
Fasset	Volkswagen South Africa	
FirstRand Foundation	Woolworths	
Hollard	Discovery	
IDC	Weber Wentzel	
Investec	ASISA	
Liberty	BASA	
MSDF		

### **Way Forward**



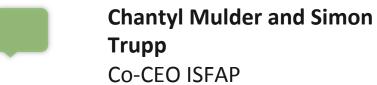
- 2018 sees the ISFAP pilot extend into year two and beyond
- A go-to-market funding approach has been developed, with the aim of raising at R184m worth of student funding for the 2018 pilot year
- 1 609 applications have been received thus far and are in the process of being assessed, as per all the ISFAP funding criteria
- Meetings have been held with Vice-Chancellors, Deans and HODs to ensure that tertiary institutions are project managed
- There will also be meetings with service providers (accommodation and financial aid) to ensure that they too are managed according to ISFAP standards
- Key IT systems will be rolled out in 2018 in order to handle increased student volumes
- Social impact bond to be piloted using the engineering students at University of Pretoria

### Please contribute to this crucial initiative and be part of this change!

### **THANK YOU**



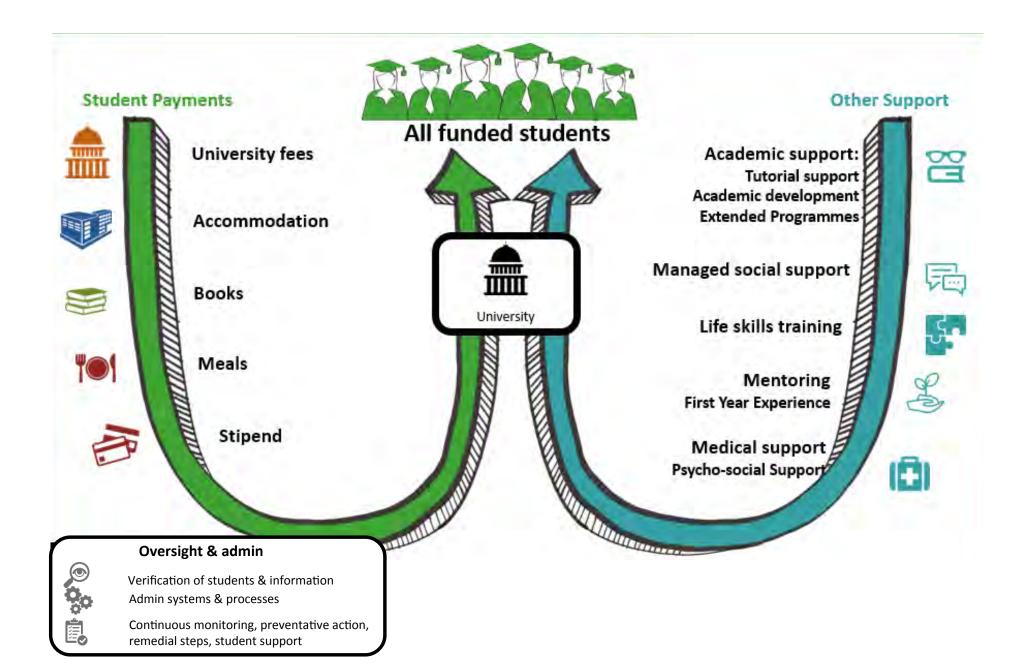




+27 11 621 6625

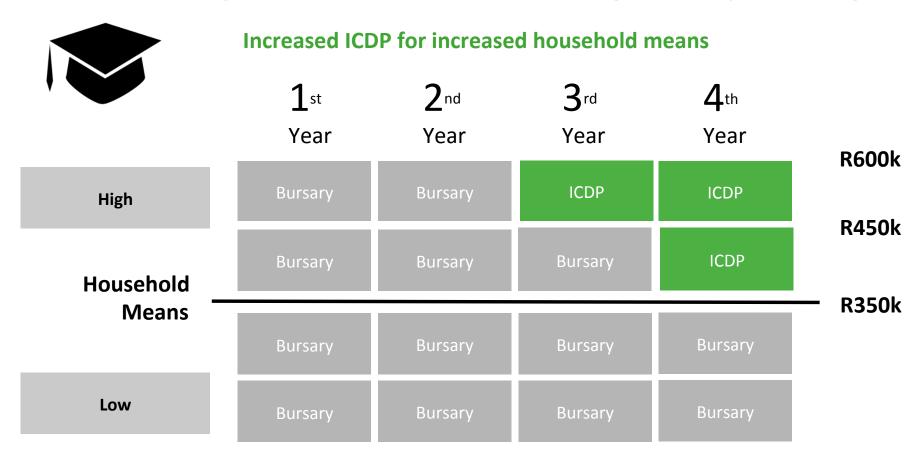
<u>ChantylM@saica.co.za</u> <u>strupp@isfap.co.za</u>

### **ISFAP Student Support**



### **Blended Funding Structure**

### Funding Terms Decision Matrix (Bursary / ICDP)



### **Technology Focus**

# The ISFAP pilot has a data-driven approach to providing holistic wrap around support to students

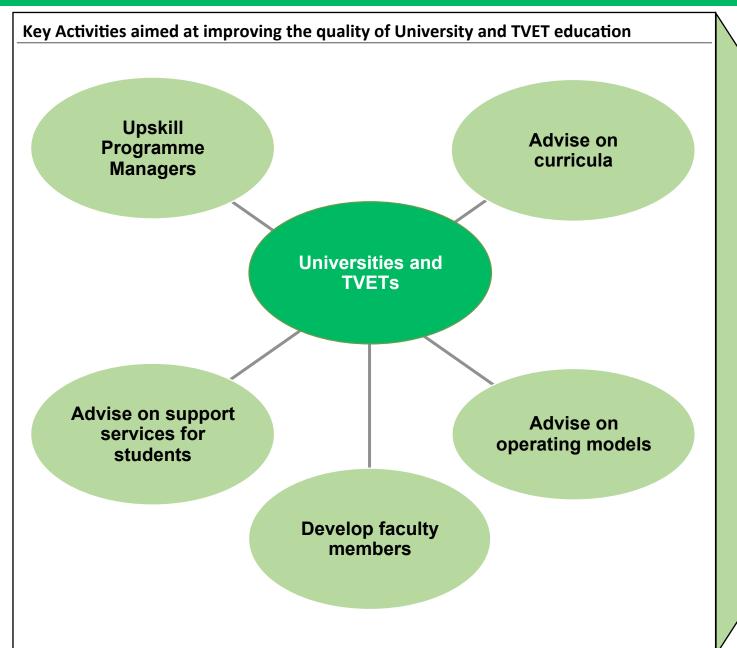
Two platforms have been developed to ensure that students receive holistic wrap around support:

- A student portal, called <u>ISFAP Student Connect</u> Ability to update contact details, take a mandatory check-in survey once every semester, receive tasks, notifications or feedback from ISFAP or the University Project Manager.
- An Administrative portal, called <u>ISFAP Administrative Tool</u> Project Managers will receive check-in data from student through a dashboard, pay student allowances/stipends to students, track academic and financial information, collect contact notes, refer students to support services at the institution, track communication, and report on interventions created as part of the wrap around support.



Tools are hosted at Internet Solutions, and supported by BBD until ISFAP can take over the management of the technology. Further customization of tools will take place as we learn from the pilot.

### **Capacity Building**



#### **Comments:**

- Curriculum development for specific professions will be undertaken in partnership with the universities, government and the relevant professional bodies
- The development of faculty members and the transformation of the academics within universities will be a key focus of ISFAP when engaging with stakeholders
- The support services for students will be tailored to the specific needs of the students linked to the degree they are studying and the university they are attending